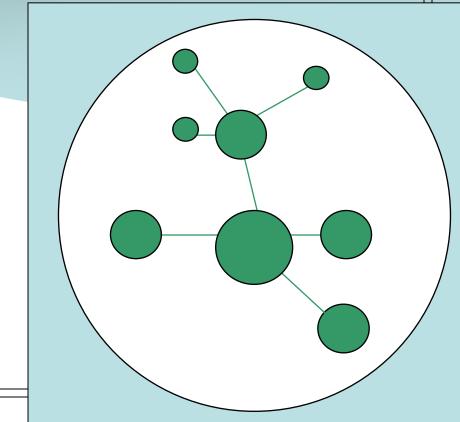
HyperCuP – A Scalable and Ontology-Based Peer-to-Peer Infrastructure for Semantic Web Services

Mario Schlosser¹, Michael Sintek^{1,2}, Stefan Decker¹, Wolfgang Nejdl^{1,3}

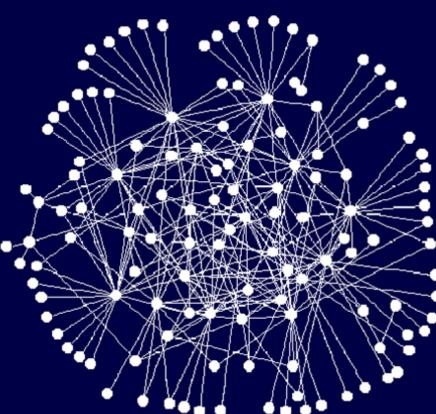


- Large network of service providers capable of instantiating high-level task descriptions in a distributed fashion
- Task description to be broadcasted among possibly interesting service providers
- Services classified by global service ontology



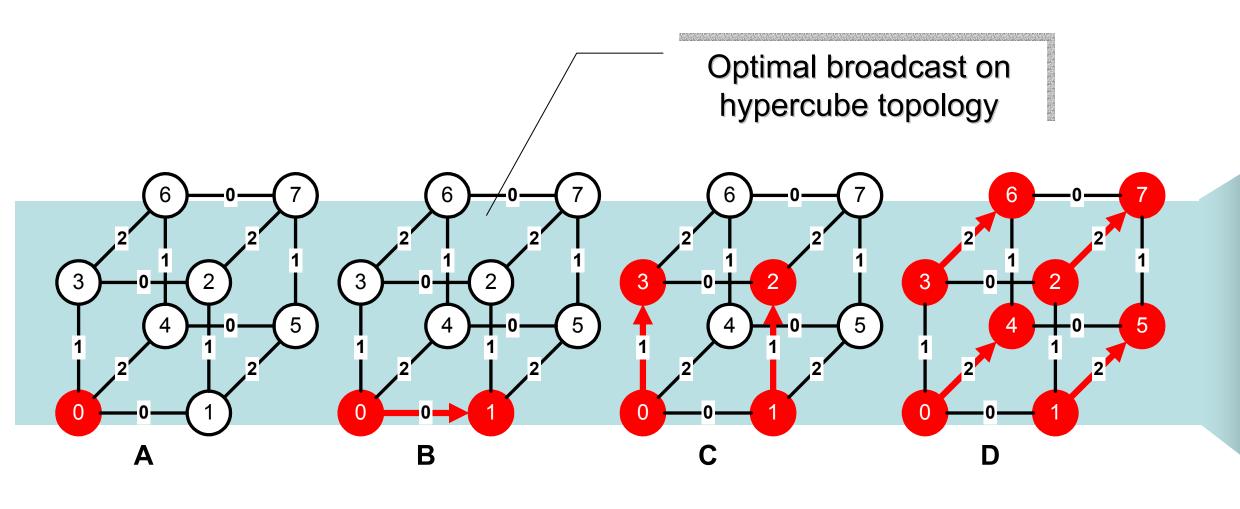
Peer-to-Peer Networks

- Decentralized, real-time, immediate
 - Best fit for dynamic service networks
- Evolution of current Gnutella-style (power-law) networks
 - Poor scalability to large number of nodes
 - Incomplete search
 - without guarantees
 - Long search times
 - Vulnerable against malicious attacks



Untolog

Deterministic and Semantically Organized Network Topology



Hypercubes: A Deterministic P2P Topology

Interesting topology properties

- Logarithmic diameter bounded search times
- Vertex symmetry load balancing over nodes
- Fault tolerance protection against attacks
- Efficient search and broadcast algorithms
 - Optimal broadcast, one message per peer
 - Shortest path routing to any peer

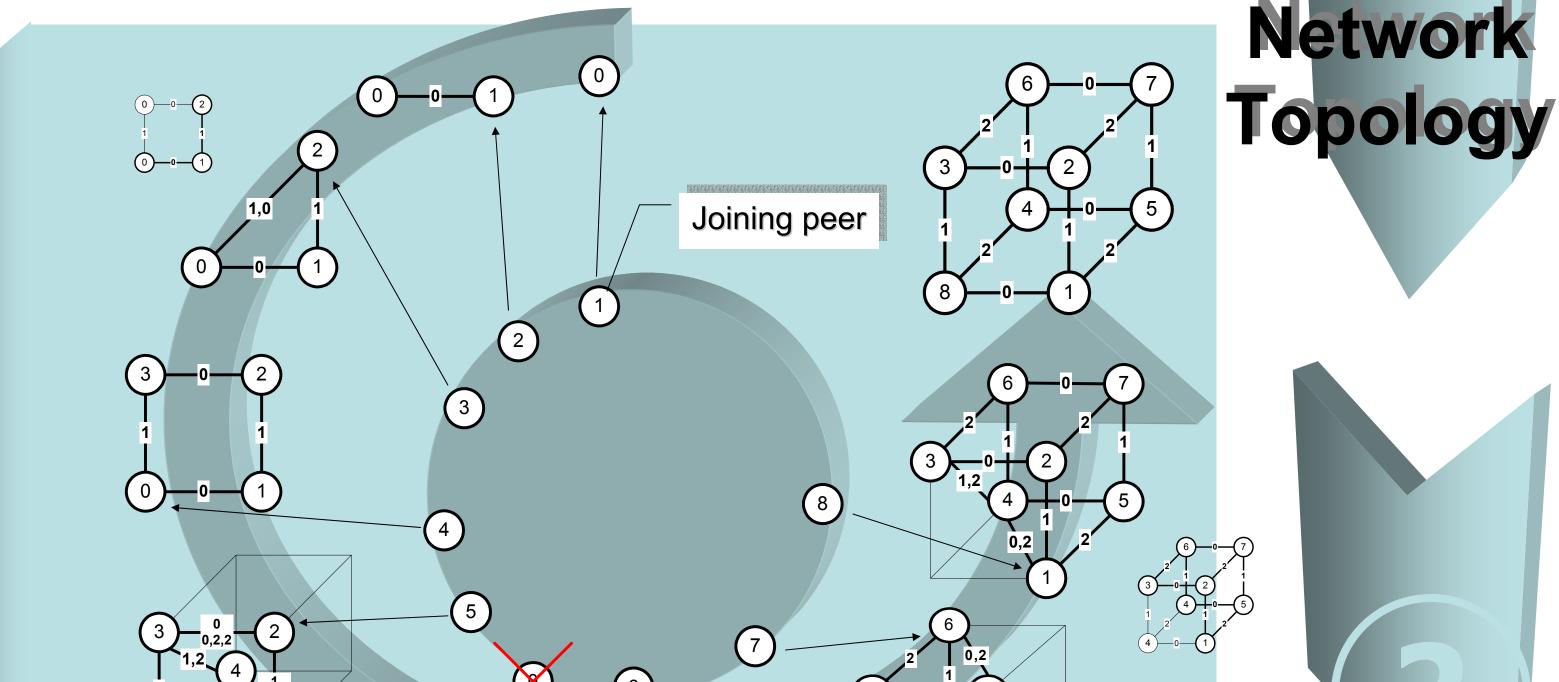
Distributed Topology Construction

Properties

- Decentralized: No central servers, no super peers
- Message and time complexity: Logarithmic to number of peers in the network
- Self healing: Recovery from node failures
- Algorithm
 - Always implicitly maintain topology of next biggest hypercube in node connections
 - Remaining nodes cover positions of departing nodes based on deterministic buffering scheme
 - Arriving nodes are able to join via any peer in the network and take over position(s) in the hypercube

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<u>Storage and concept coordinates</u>

- tology
- Concept-driven peer clustering version Dig(I, Germany ³On leave or Hannover, Germany
 - Hannover, Germany
 Hypercube network is decomposed into concept clusters, containing peers associated with a particular combination of ontology concepts supported by those peers
 - Concept clusters are sub hypercubes of top hypercube
 - Addressing scheme: Ontology concept coordinates represent logical conjunction of supported concepts, storage coordinates allow for multiple peers per cluster
- Algorithms
 - Shortest pth routing on ontology coordinates
 - Flooding optimal broadcast on storage coordinates to reach all peers in concept sub hypercubes
 - Restricted optimal broadcast on ontology coordinates and logic minimization to answer queries consisting of conjunctions and disjunctions of ontology concepts
- Scales to millions of peers while allowing for complex queries and providing search guarantees at optimal routing behavior